

Oceanographic Data Management Platforms

Francisco Campuzano

CoLAB +ATLANTIC

francisco.Campuzano@colabatlantic.com



UNIVERSITY OF LISBON
INTERDISCIPLINARY STUDIES
ON SUSTAINABLE ENVIRONMENT AND SEAS



ulisses.ulisboa.pt



University Network for Innovation,
Technology and Engineering

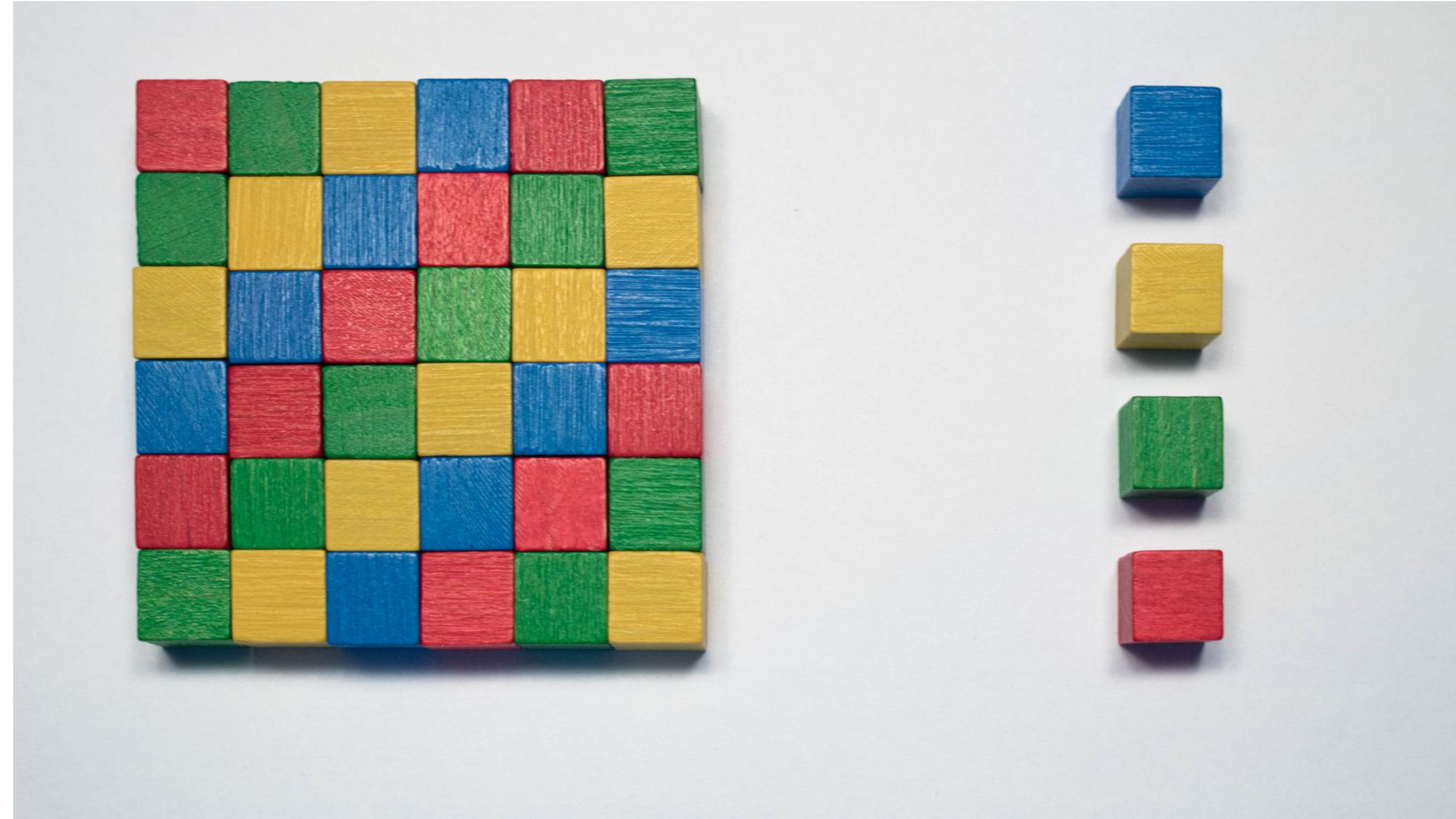


UNIVERSIDADE
DE LISBOA





Main Objective



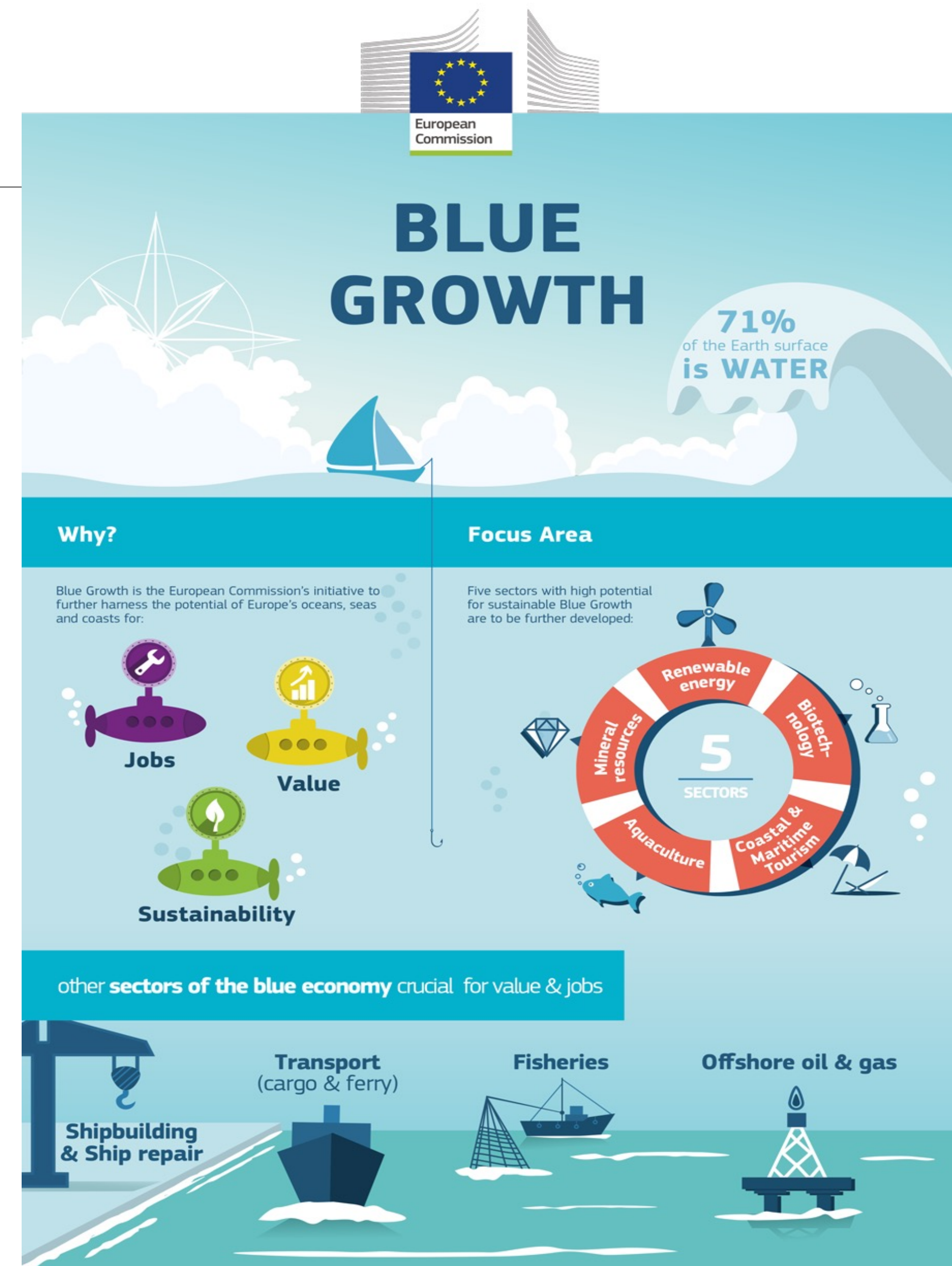
to show and disseminate the desired oceanographic information to the target end-users in a easy way

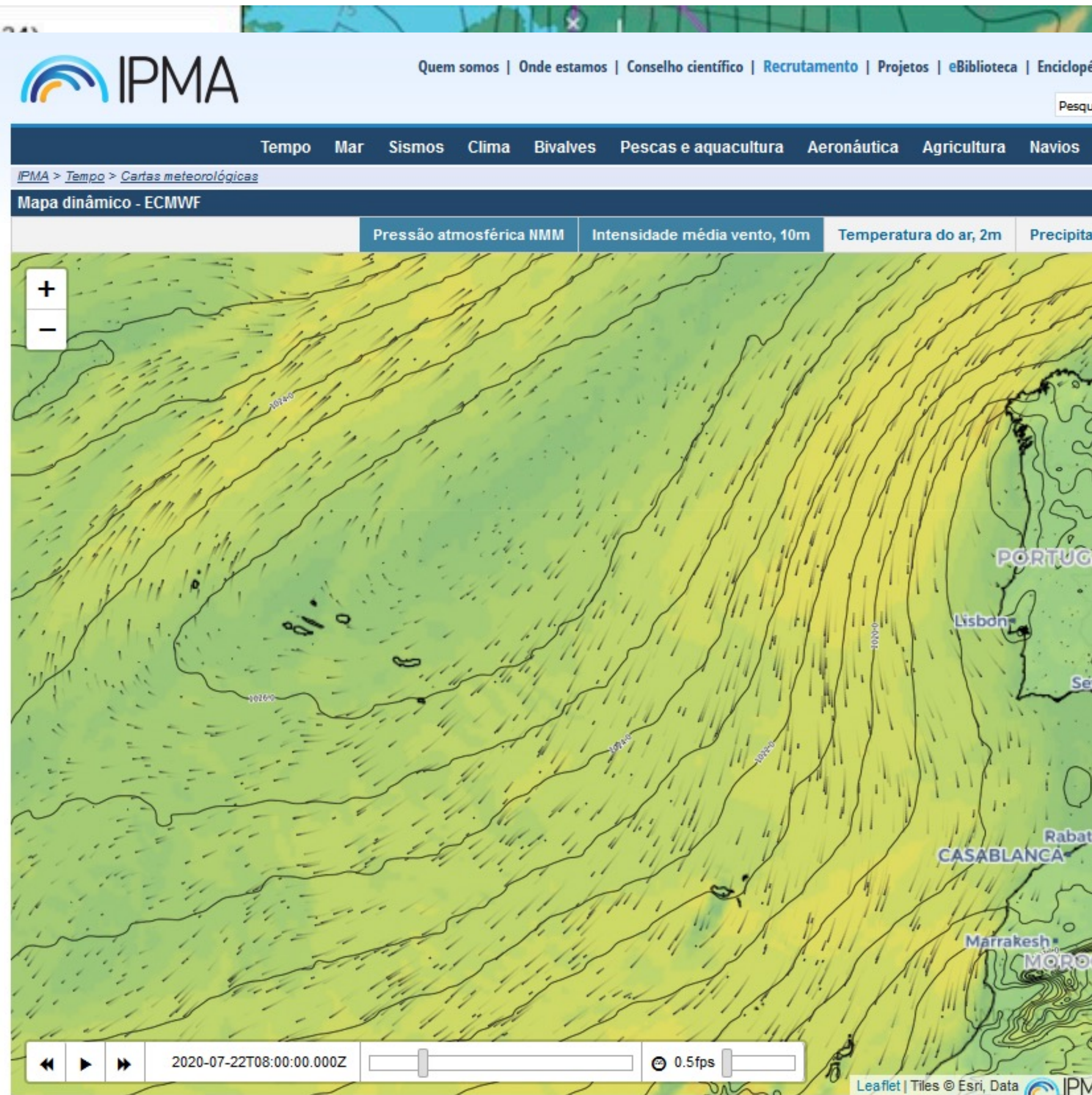
Ulisses Blue economy

Many **economic activities** take place in the **near ocean** i.e. marine renewable energy production, fisheries and aquaculture, coastal and maritime tourism, ship transport, oil and gas exploration, etc.

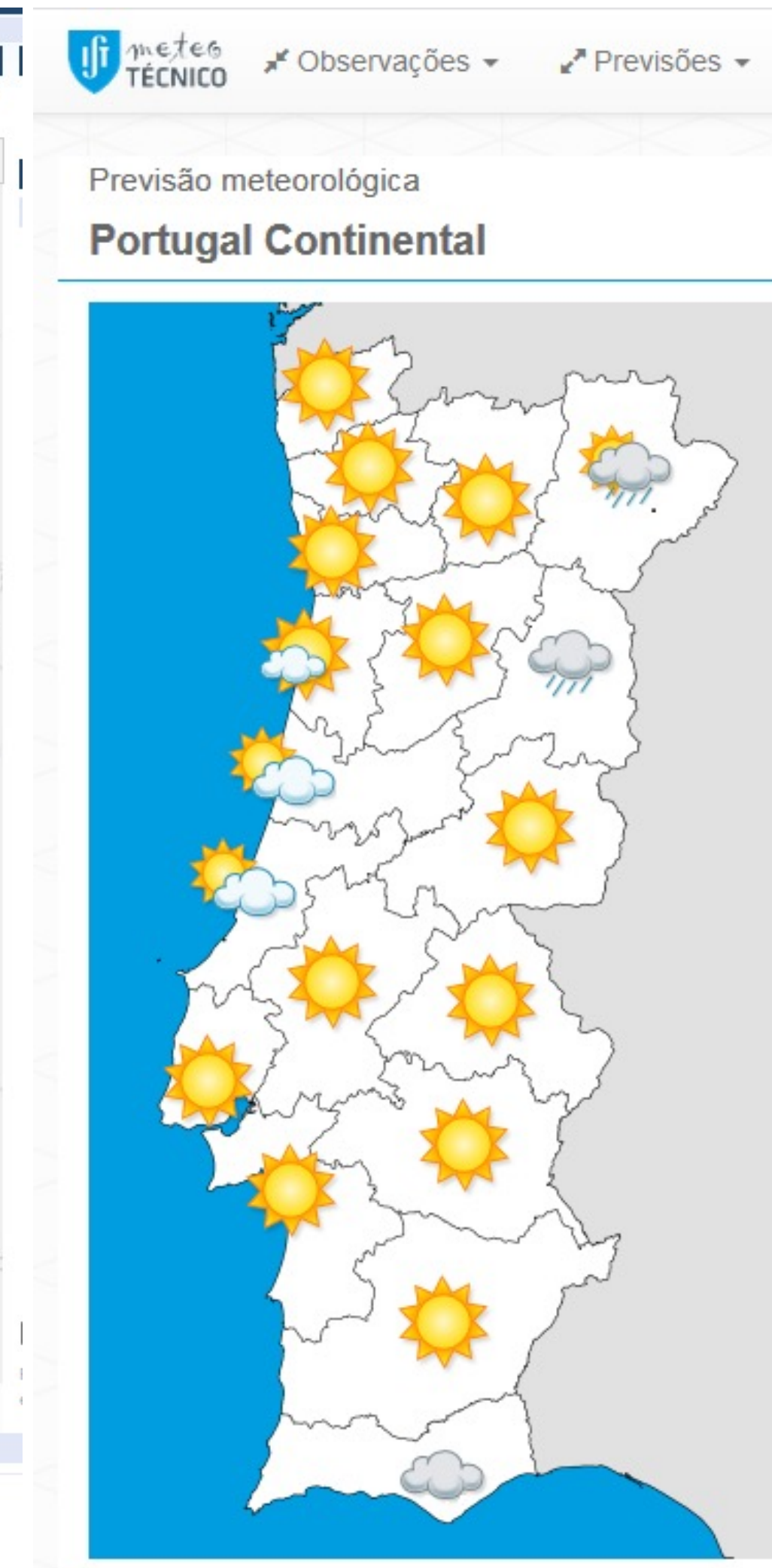
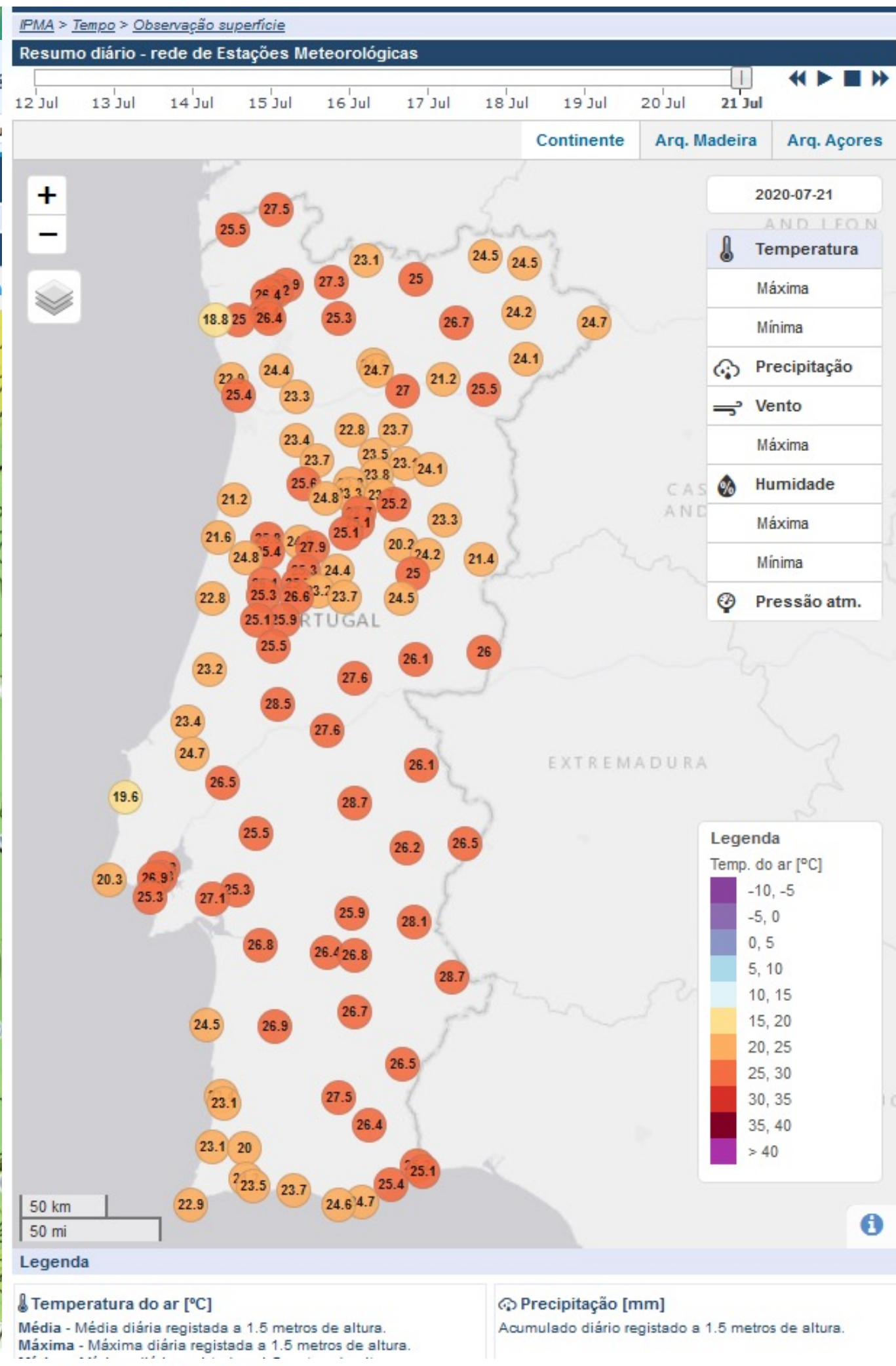
These activities are subjected to **risks** and need to be sustainable. Numerical operational models are capable to analyse and forecast the **environmental suitability** of those activities.

Other **services** such as oil spill forecast, HABs propagation and search and rescue operations may also rely in the **accuracy** of numerical models **forecasts** near the coastal area.





ECMWF



Ocean Observing Systems

How do we measure?

What do we observe?

Types of information

What is an end-user?

Examples of Ocean Data Platforms

Main European platforms

End-user platforms



Oceanographic Data Management Platforms

Part I: Observing Systems

Francisco Campuzano

CoLAB +ATLANTIC

francisco.Campuzano@colabatlantic.com



UNIVERSITY OF LISBON
INTERDISCIPLINARY STUDIES
ON SUSTAINABLE ENVIRONMENT AND SEAS



ulisses.ulisboa.pt



University Network for Innovation,
Technology and Engineering

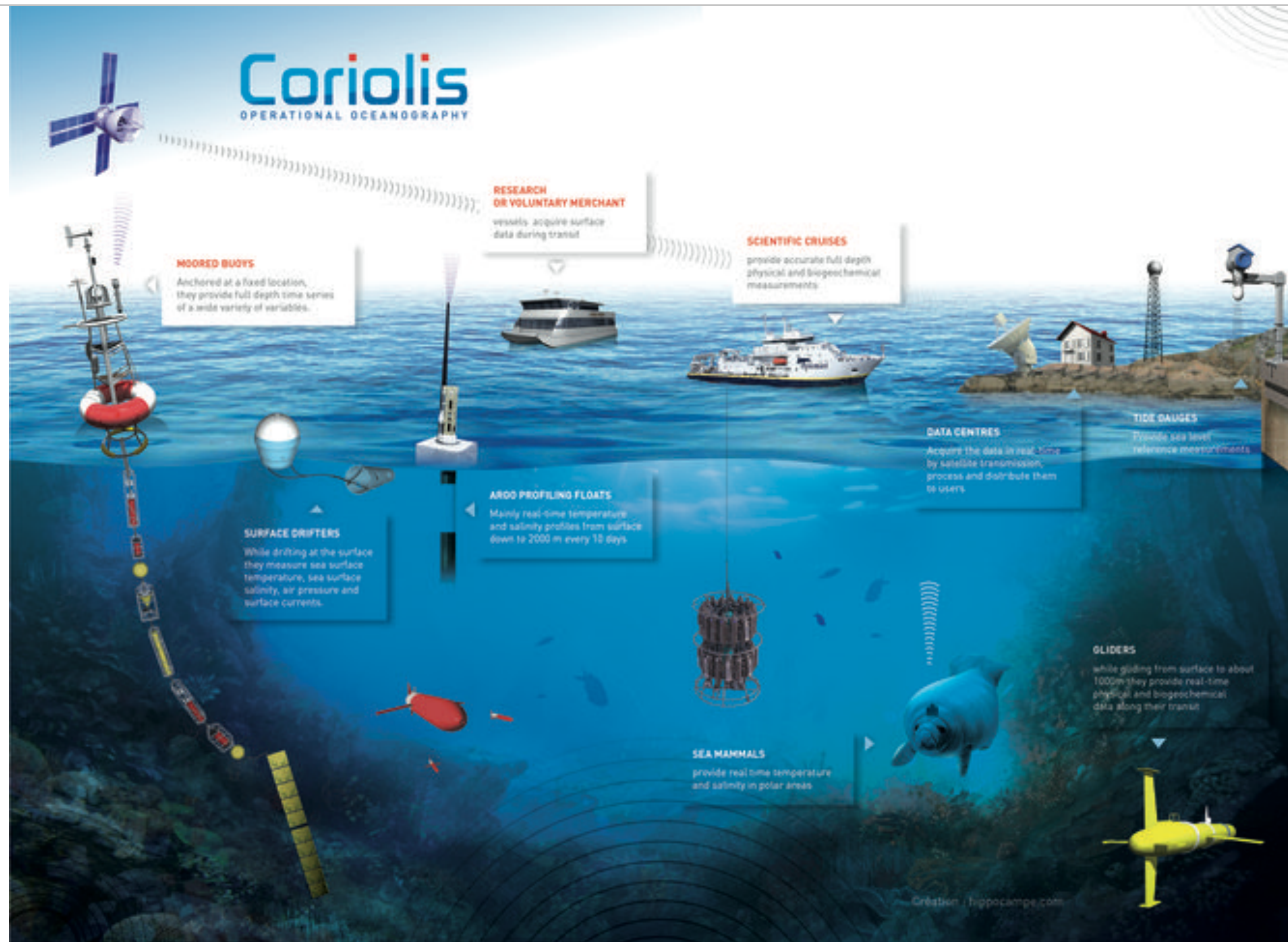


UNIVERSIDADE
DE LISBOA



Co-funded by the
Erasmus+ Programme
of the European Union



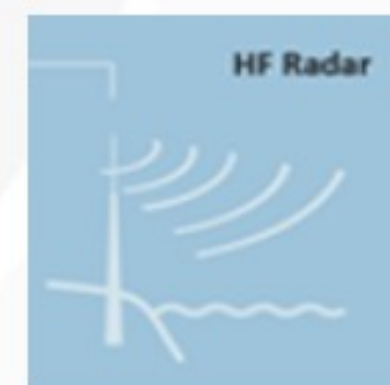


All these systems need to talk to each other in a common language!



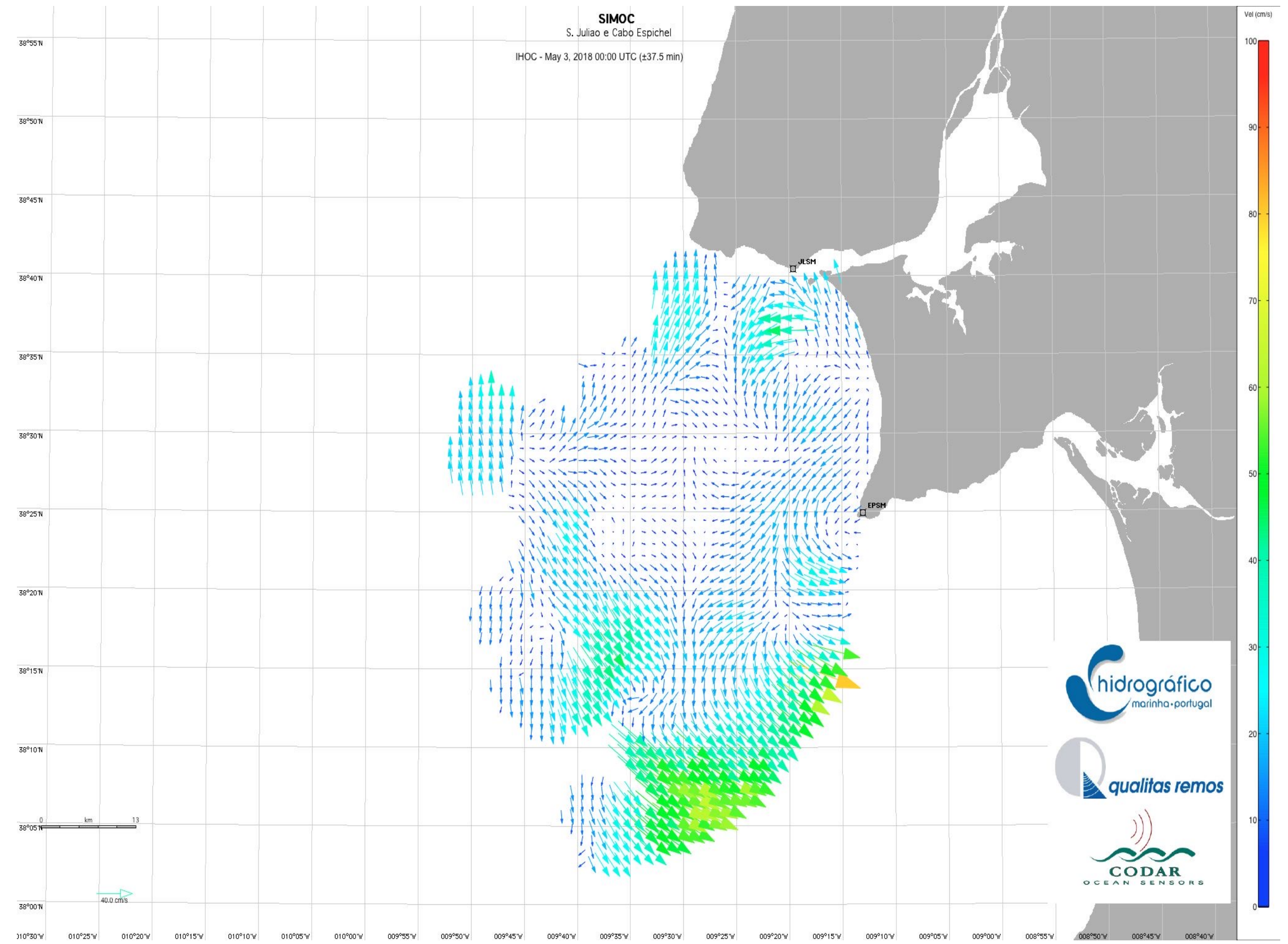
Data and Scope

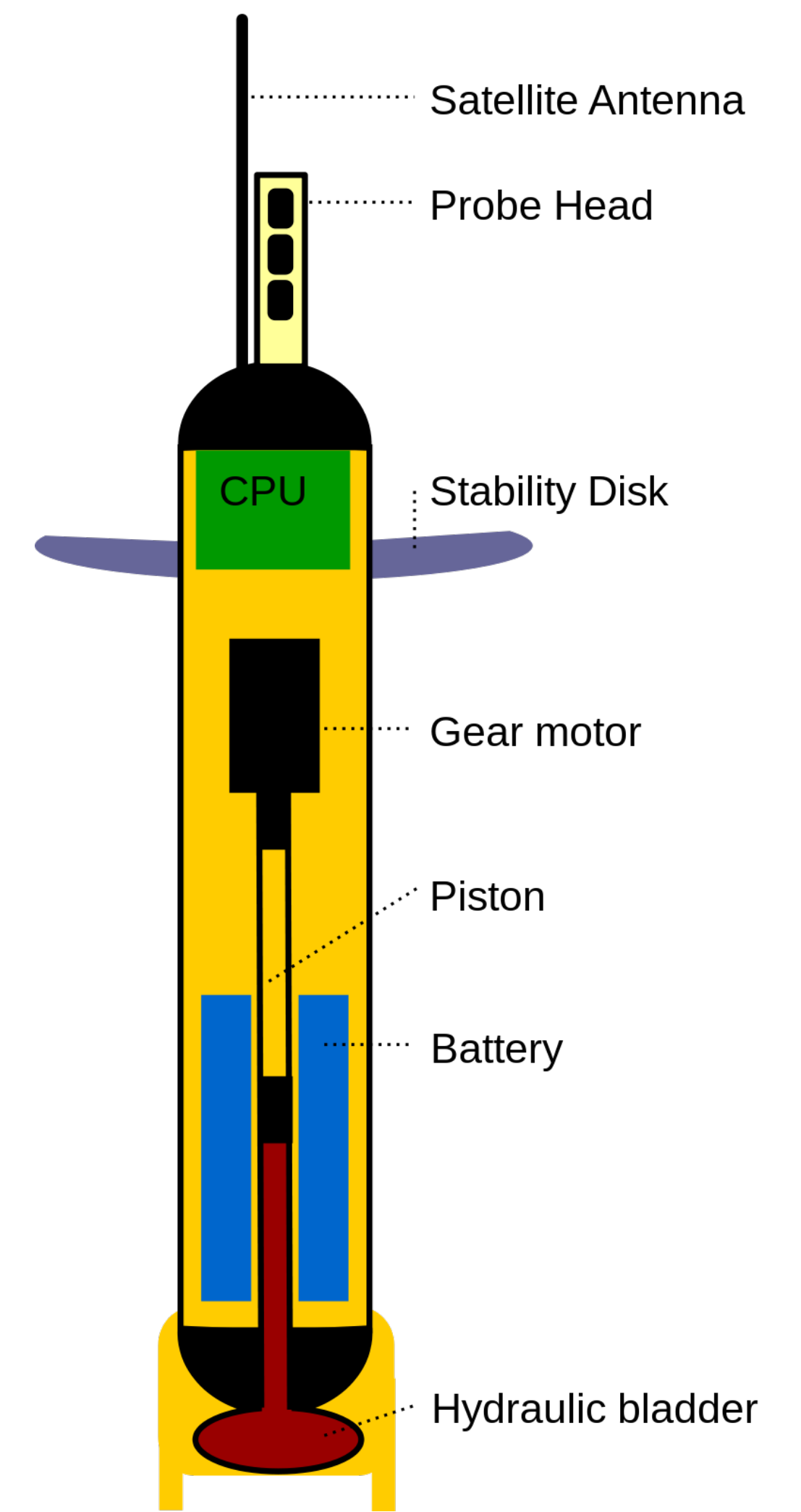
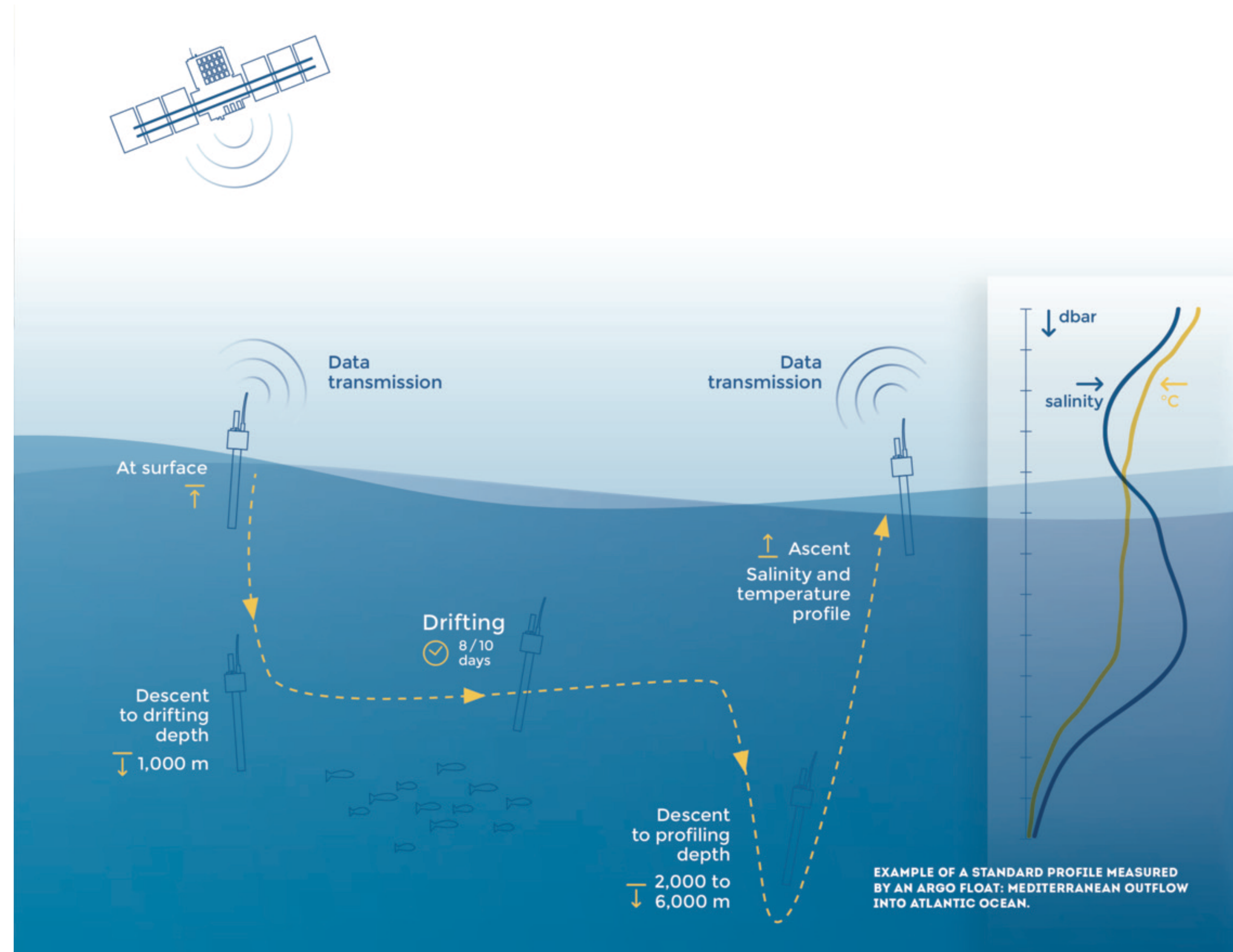
- Temperature in the water column
- Salinity in the water column
- Wave direction, height
- Wind @ Sea Level, direction, intensity
- Sea Currents direction, intensity
- Sea Level and sea level trends
- Optical properties
- Sea Ice
- River outflow
- Acoustic pollution
- Atmospheric - Meteorological data @ sea level

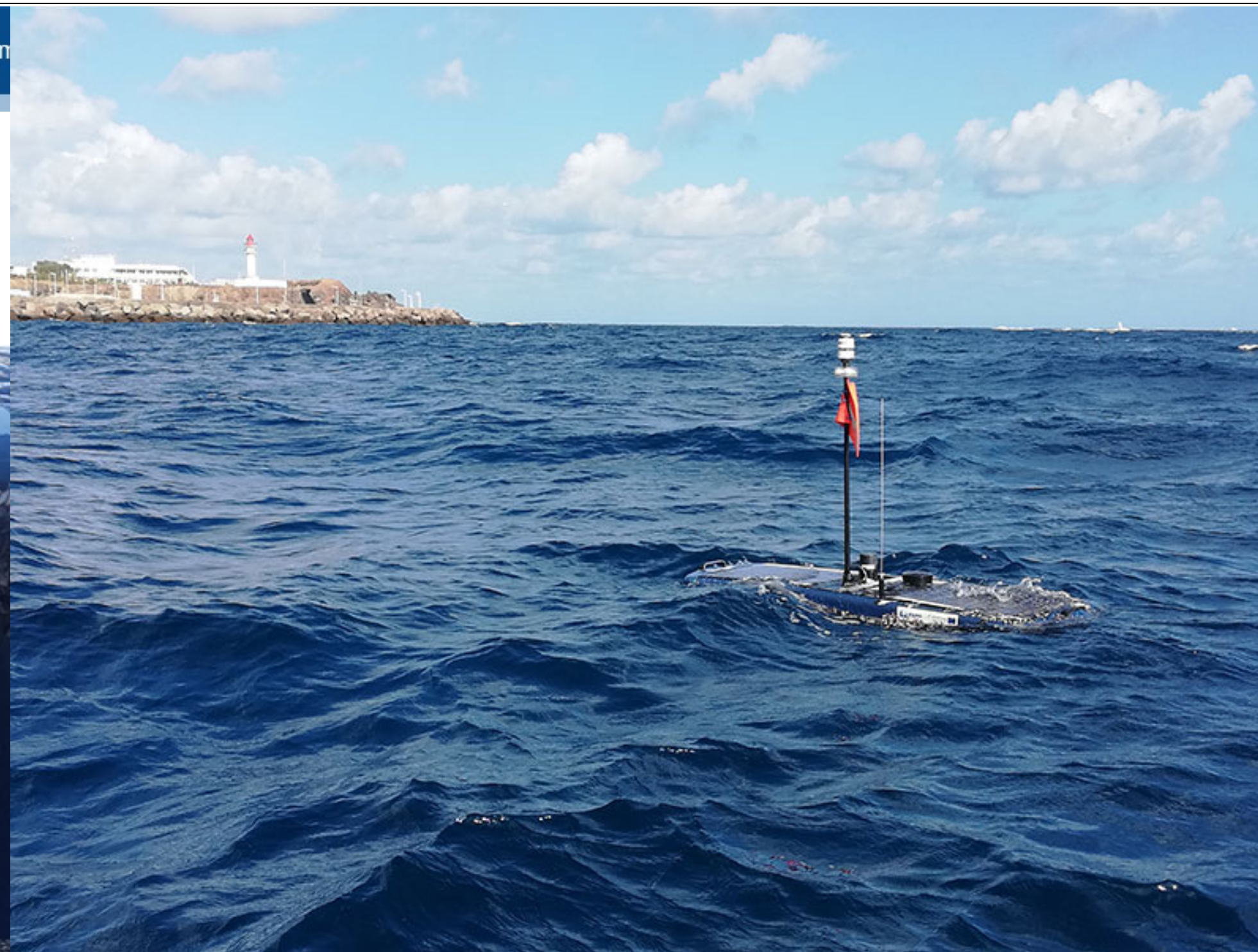


- Source: Instituto Hidrografico
- Grid Spacing: ~1.4 Km
- Frequency: every hour
- Format .tuv (ASCII file)
- The output is already pre-processed by SeaDisplay 6.7.8
- Averaging Radius: 4.000 km
- DistanceAngularLimit: 20.0
- CurrentVelocityLimit: 100.0 cm/s

HF Data source: <http://www.hidrografico.pt/simoc.php>





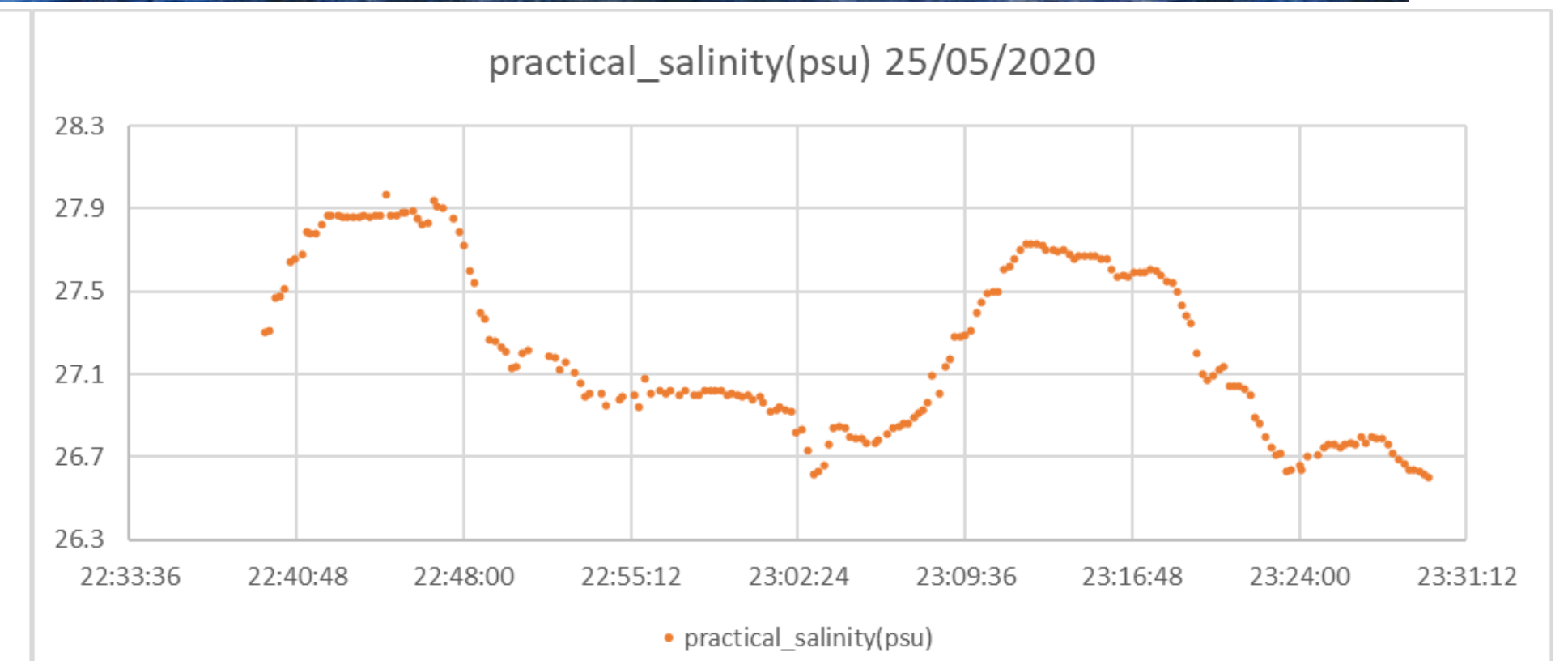
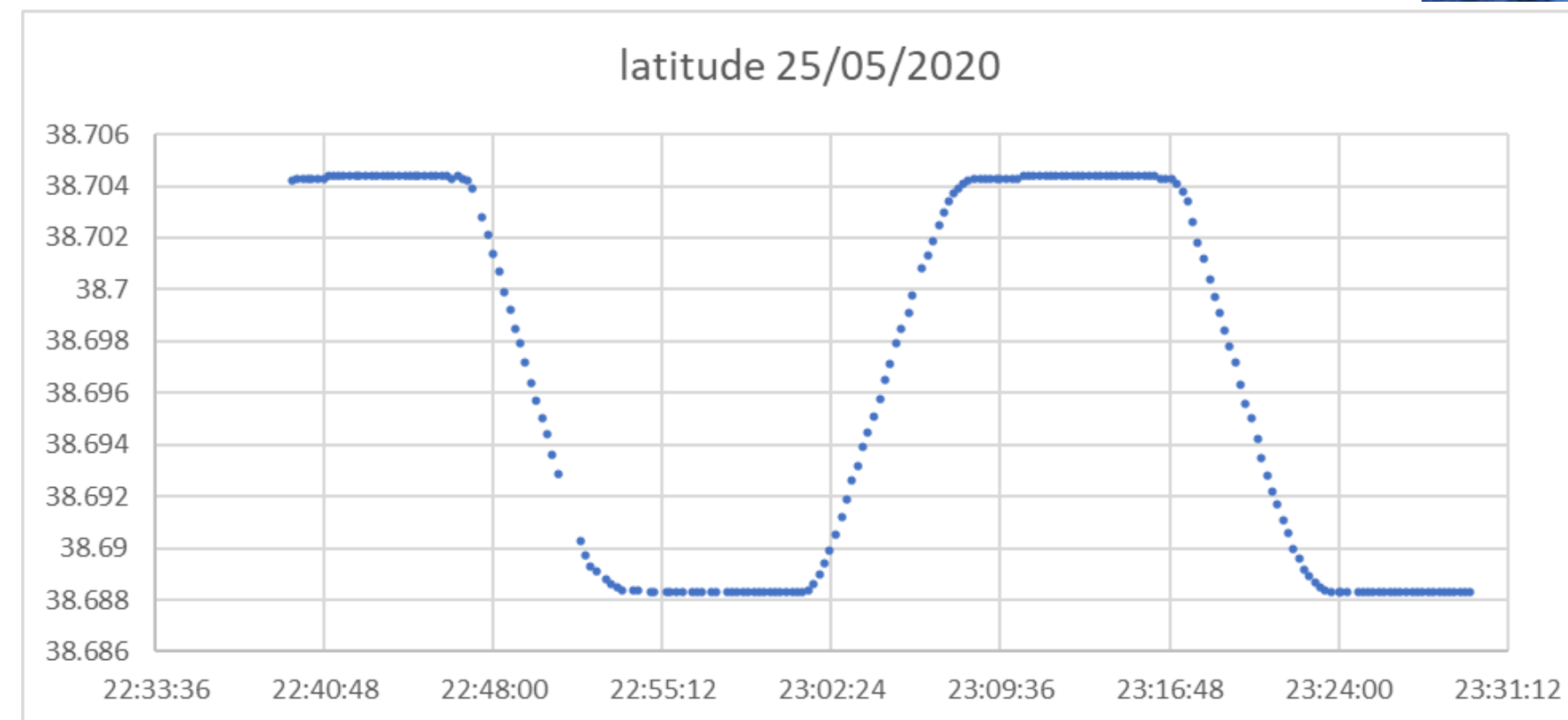


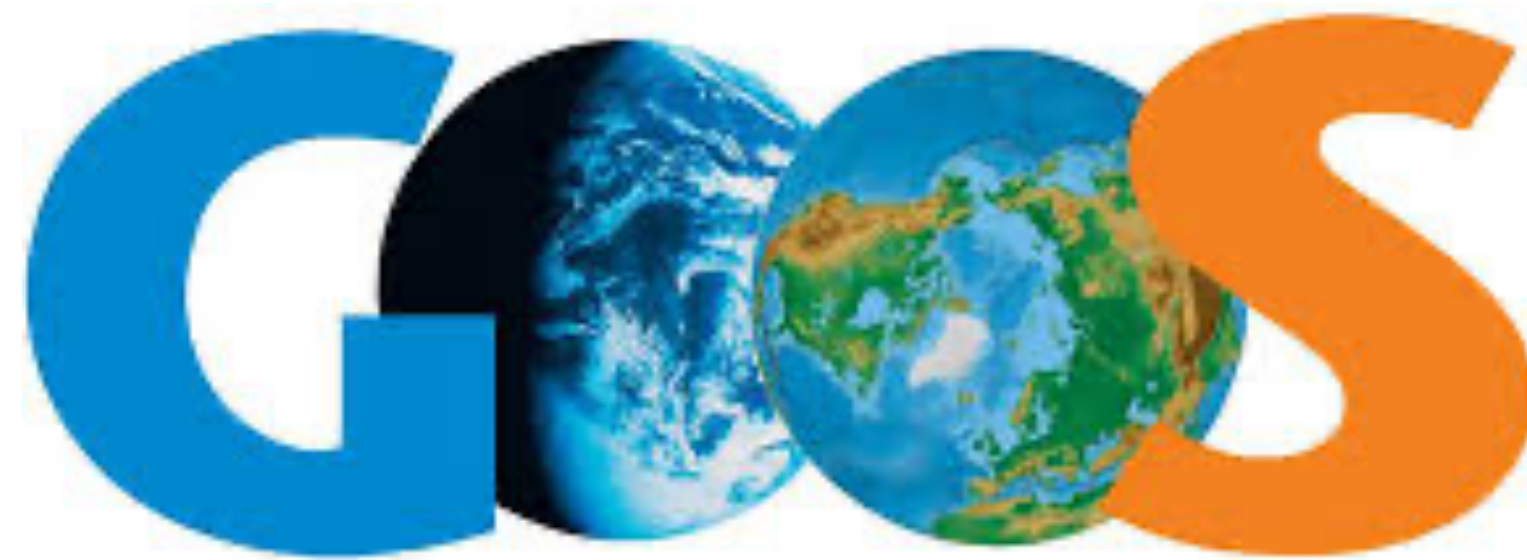
Cacilheiro "DAFUNDO"



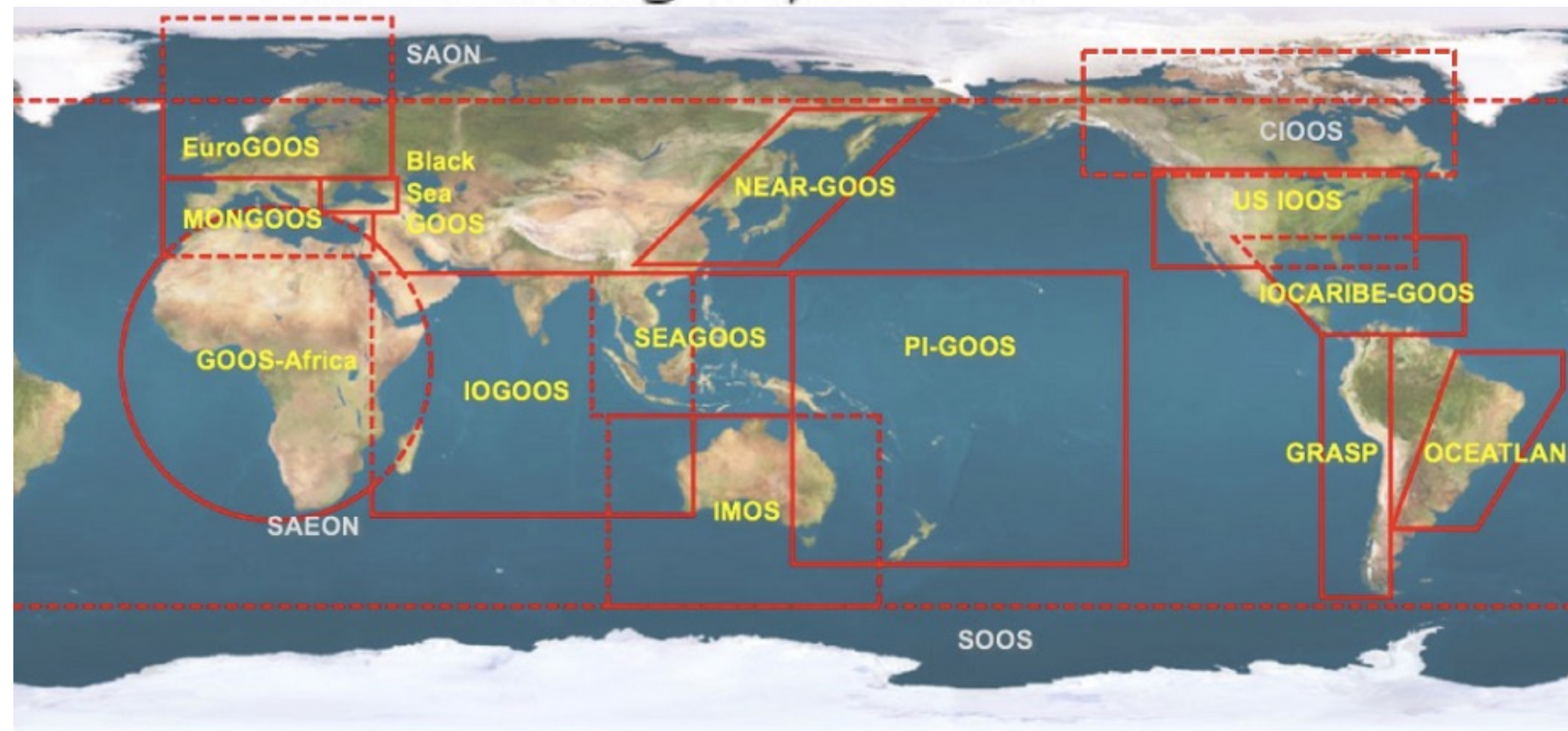
Connect: Cacilhas - Cais do Sodre
Entry into service: between 1980 and 1982
Capacity: 476 passengers

Length: 29,20m
Beam: 7,25m
Draft: 1.80 m
Gross Tonnage: 304
Boat Hull: Steel
Speed: 10 Knots

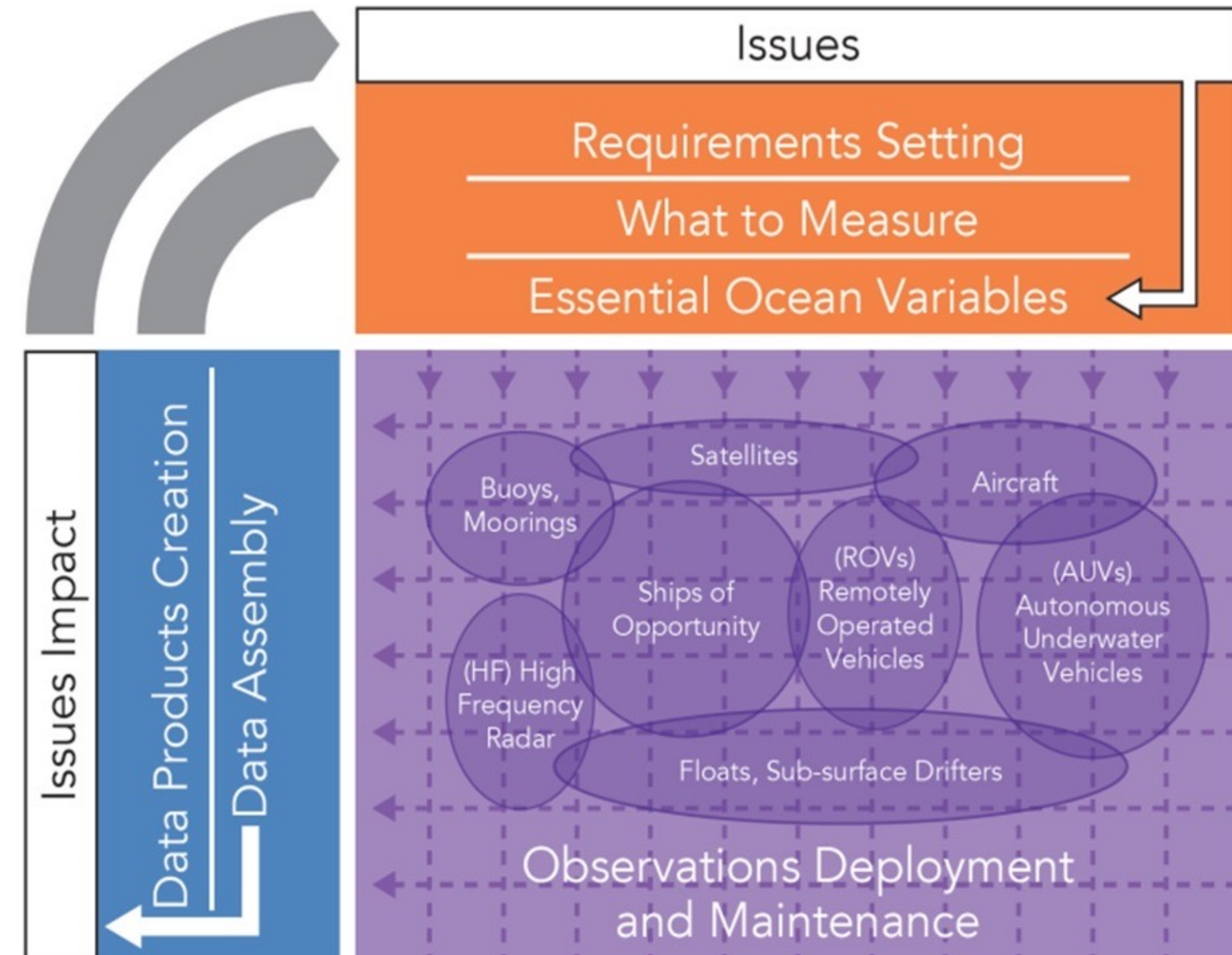




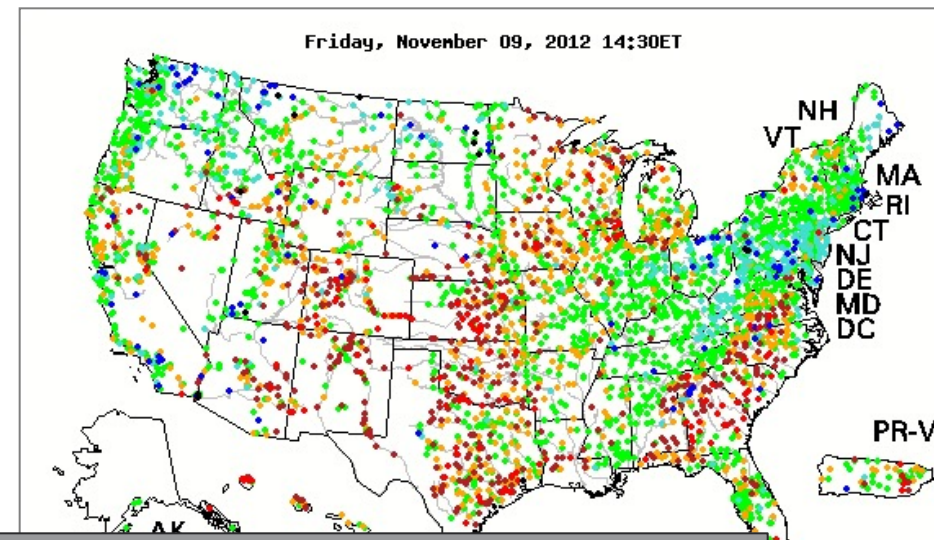
The Global Ocean Observing System



Framework for Ocean Observing Process Diagram



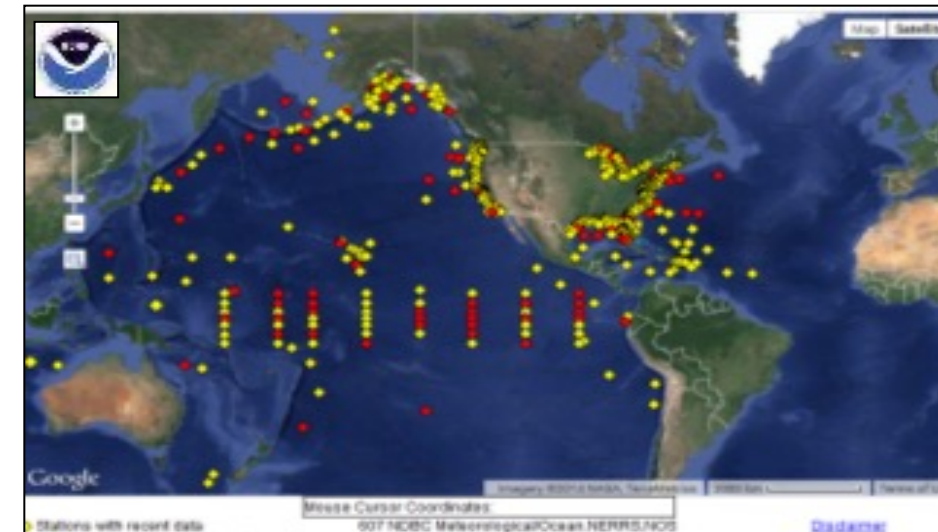
Federal



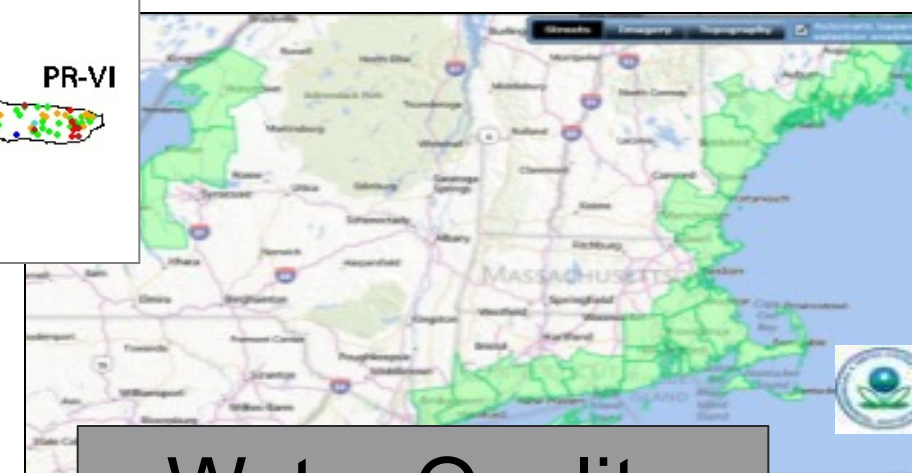
Friday, November 09, 2012 14:30ET



unite! Univers Techno



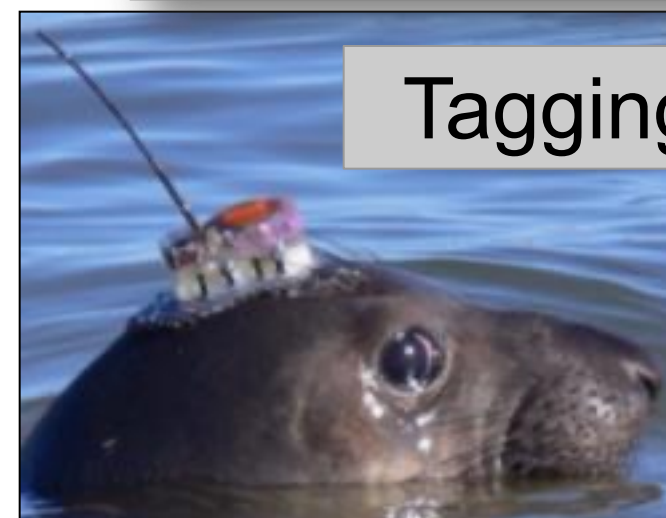
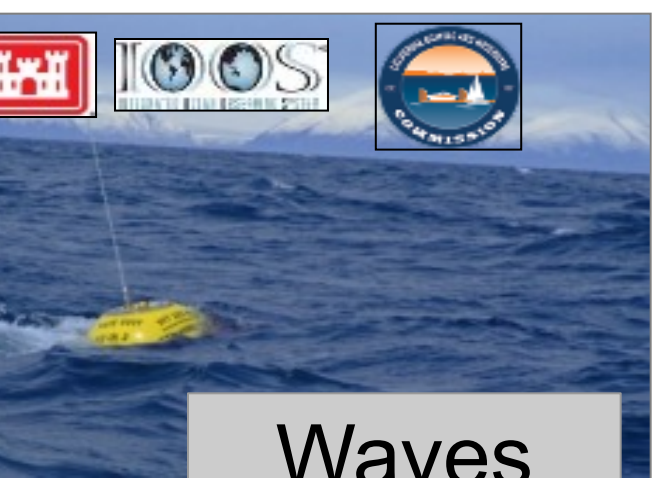
600+: Buoys, Water Level stations, Coastal and Estuary stations



Regional



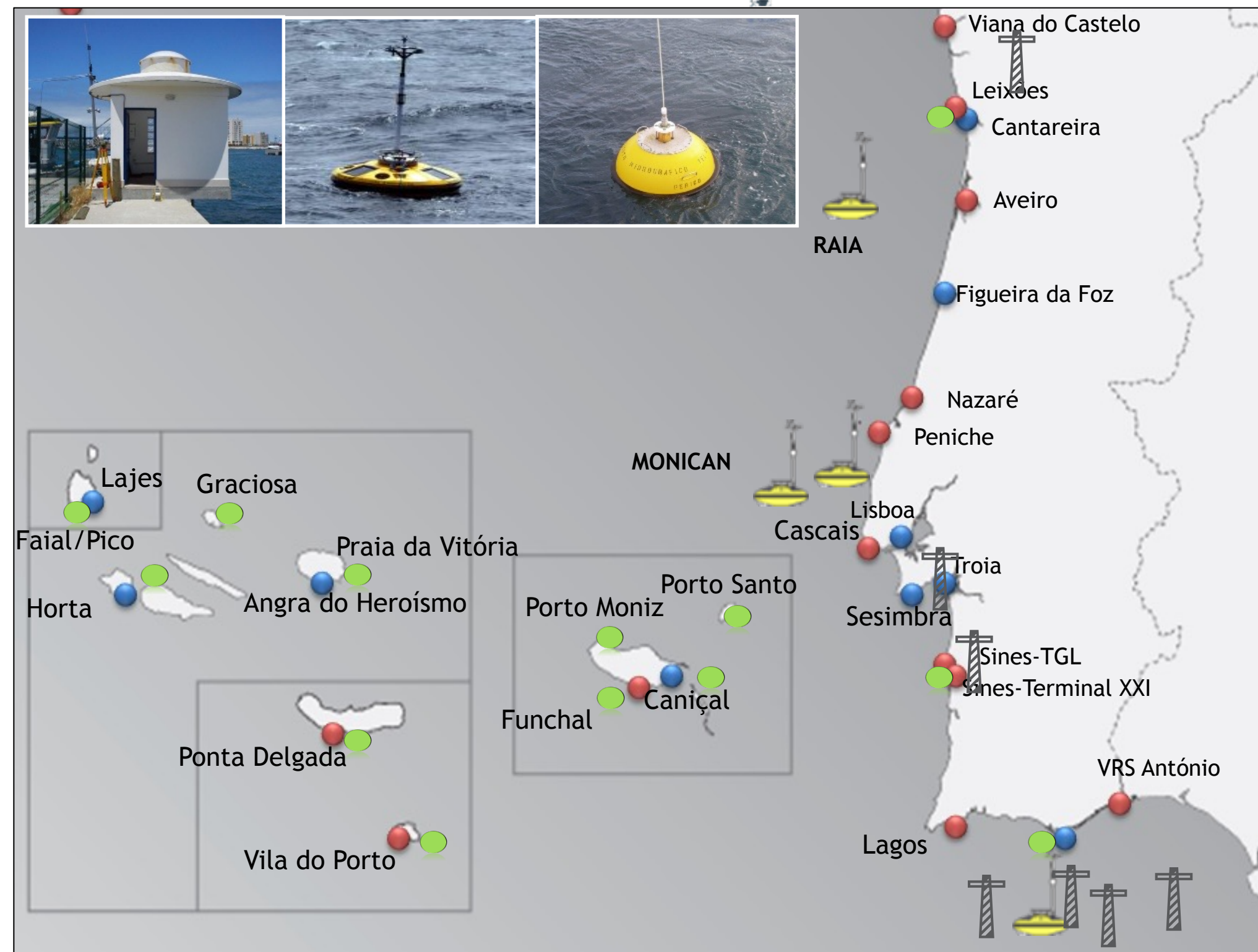
450: Buoys, Water Level stations, Coastal and Estuary stations










MONIZEE

Sistema Integrado de Monitorização Ambiental da ZEE Portuguesa



Boias ondógrafo dos Açores em colaboração com a Univ. Açores

Boias ondógrafo da Madeira em colaboração com os Portos da Madeira

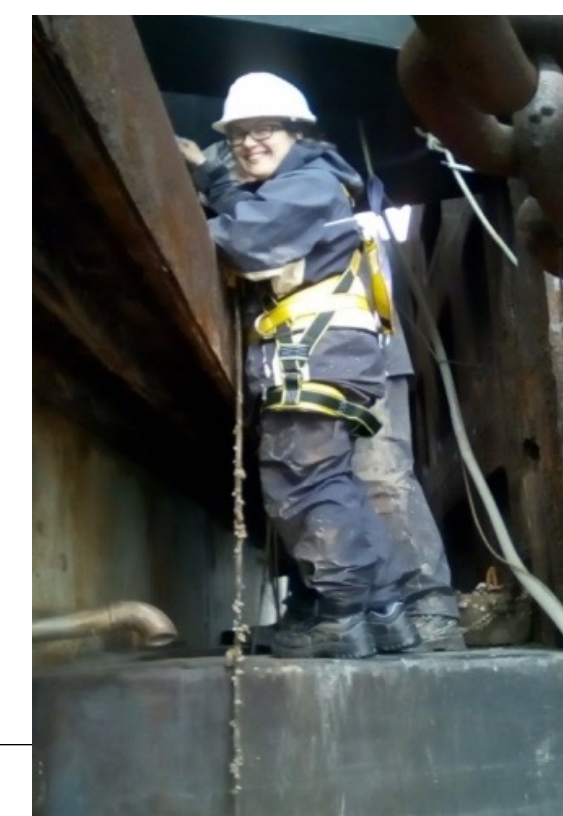
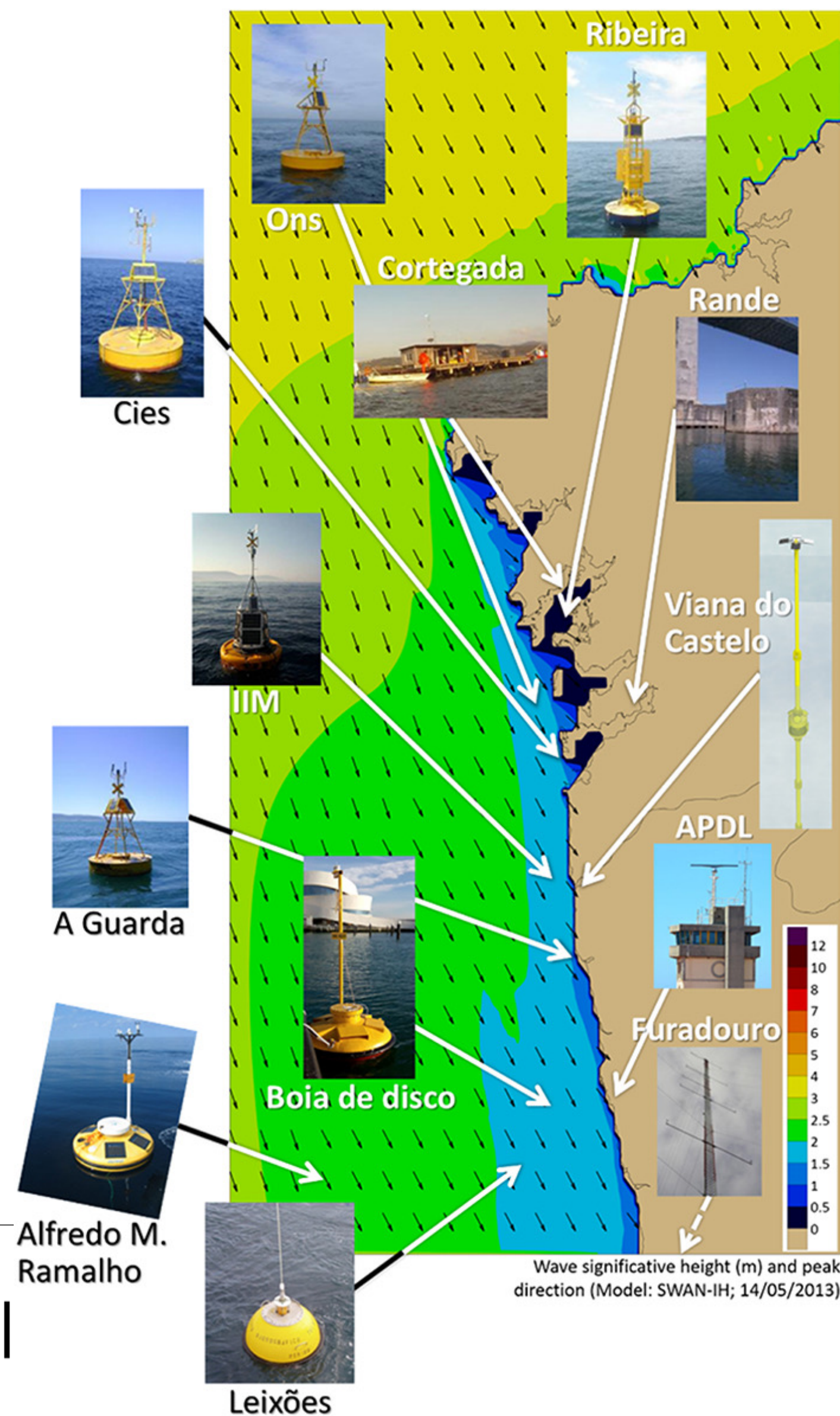
-  4 Boias multi-paramétricas
-  13 Boias ondógrafo
-  10 Marégrafos
-  13 Marégrafos (online)
-  7 Radares HF

Since 2008

Essential Ocean Variables:

- wind
- air temperature,
- humidity,
- solar radiation
- sea temperature
- salinity
- currents
- oxygen
- chlorophyll

Time acquisition periods: 10 min
QA/QC





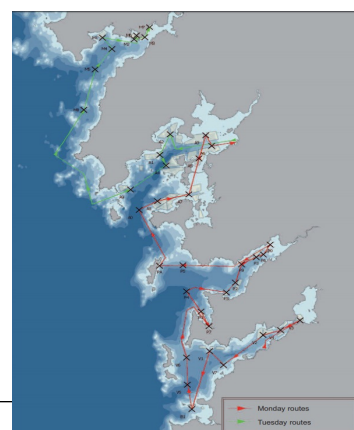
meteogalicia



- Marégrafo
- Boia Datawall
- Boia Oce
- Radar co
- Est. mete



meteogalicia



INSTITUTO ESPAÑOL DE OCEANOGRAFÍA

University Network for Innovation, Technology and Engineering

LISBOA

UNIVERSIDADE DE LISBOA



Co-funded by the Erasmus+ Programme of the European Union

Current Observatory Facilities

Moored Coastal Buoys

HF Radar

Tide Gauge Network

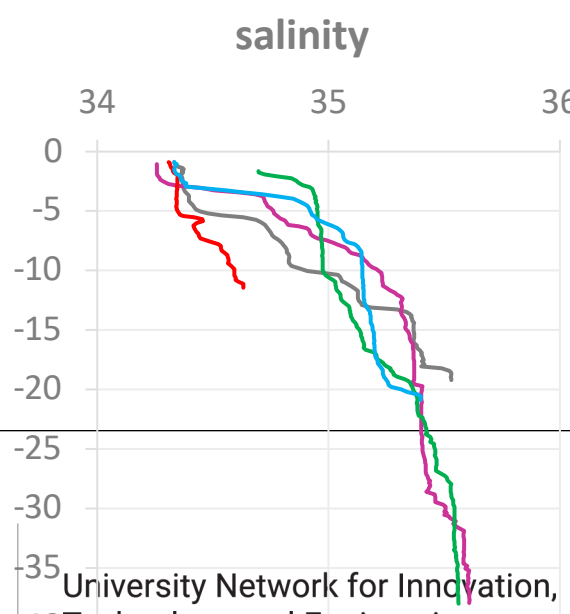
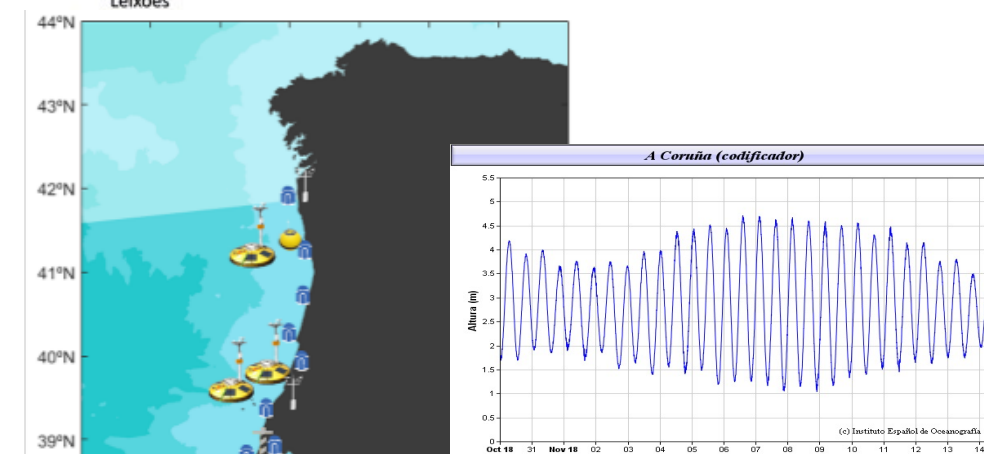
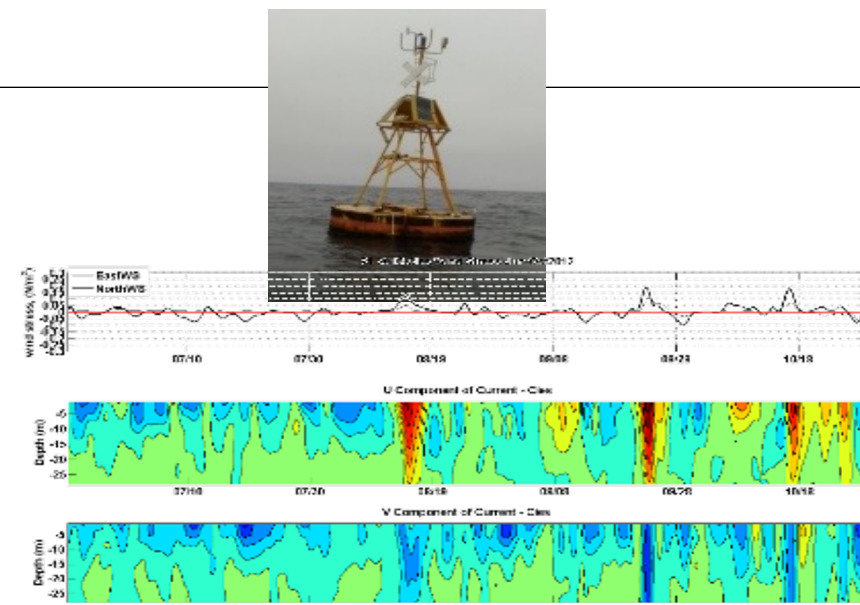
Meteorological Stations

RAIA COASTAL OBSERVING FACILITIES

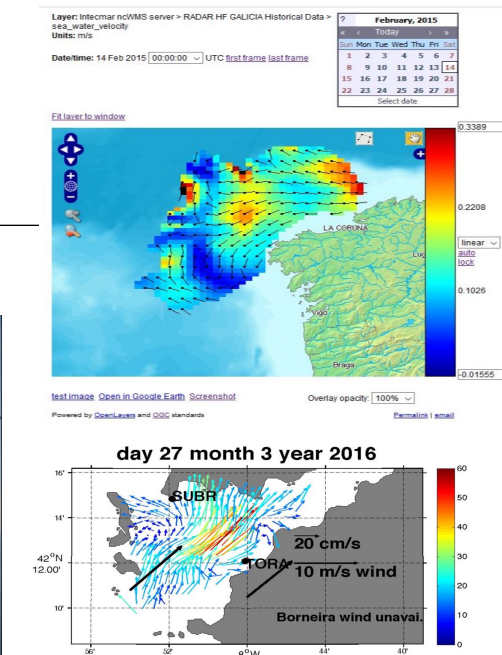
Underway transects

Drones and vehicles

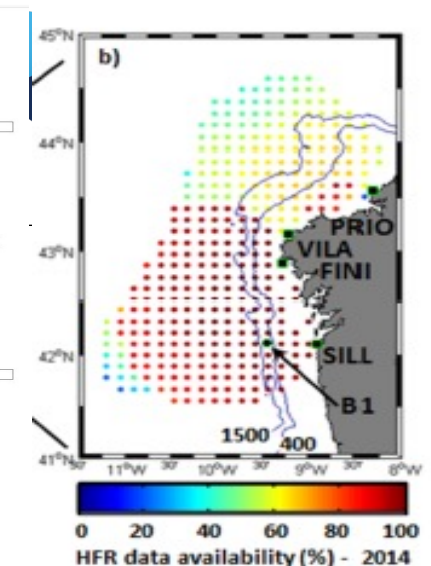
Continuous underwater station



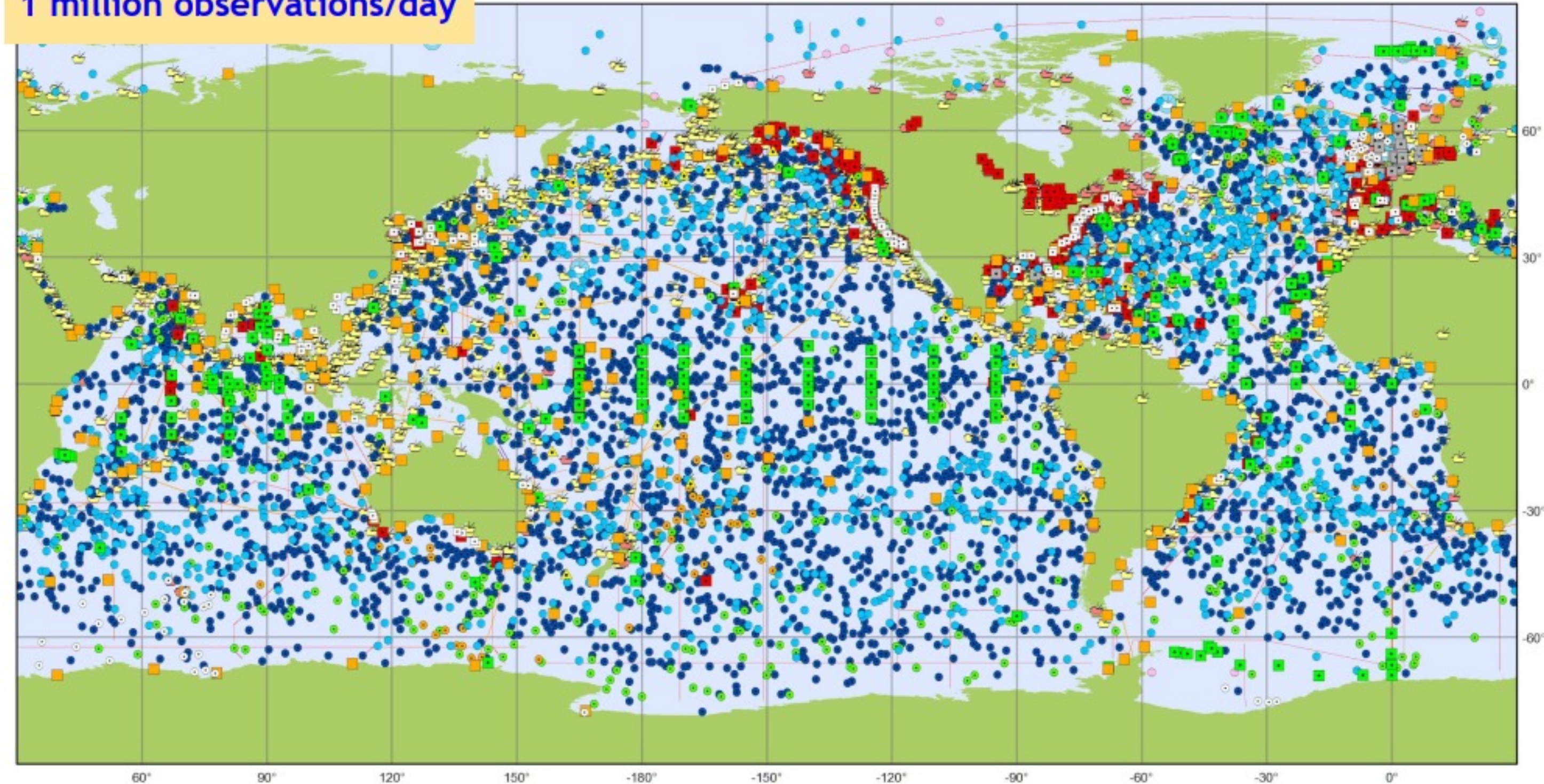
Weekly-CTD profiles



Universidade de Vigo



1 million observations/day



Main in situ Elements of the Global Ocean Observing System

August 2018

Profiling Floats (Argo)

- Core (3944)
- Deep (70)
- BioGeoChemical (329)

Data Buoys (DBCP)

- Surface Drifters (1383)
- Offshore Platforms (97)
- Ice Buoys (16)
- Moored Buoys (392)
- ▲ Tsunameters (36)

Timeseries (OceanSITES)

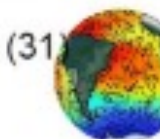
- Interdisciplinary Moorings (451)
- Repeated Hydrography (GO-SHIP)
- Research Vessel Lines (61)
- Sea Level (GLOSS)
- Tide Gauges (252)

Ship based Measurements (SOT)

- Automated Weather Stations (254)
- Manned Weather Stations (1738)
- Radiosondes (16)
- eXpendable BathyThermographs (37)

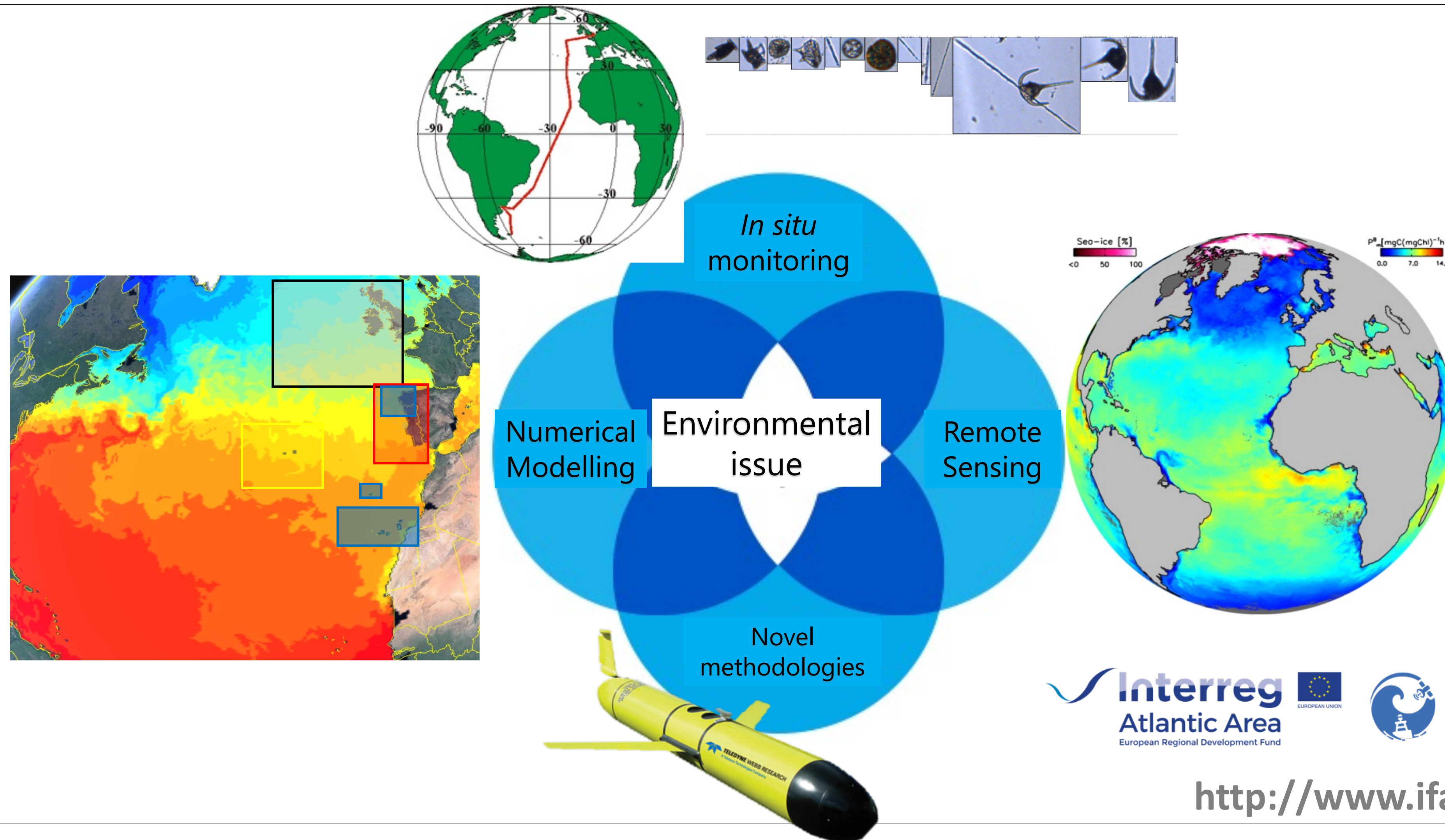
Other Networks

- HF Radars (270)
- Animal Borne Sensors (53)
- Ocean Gliders (31)

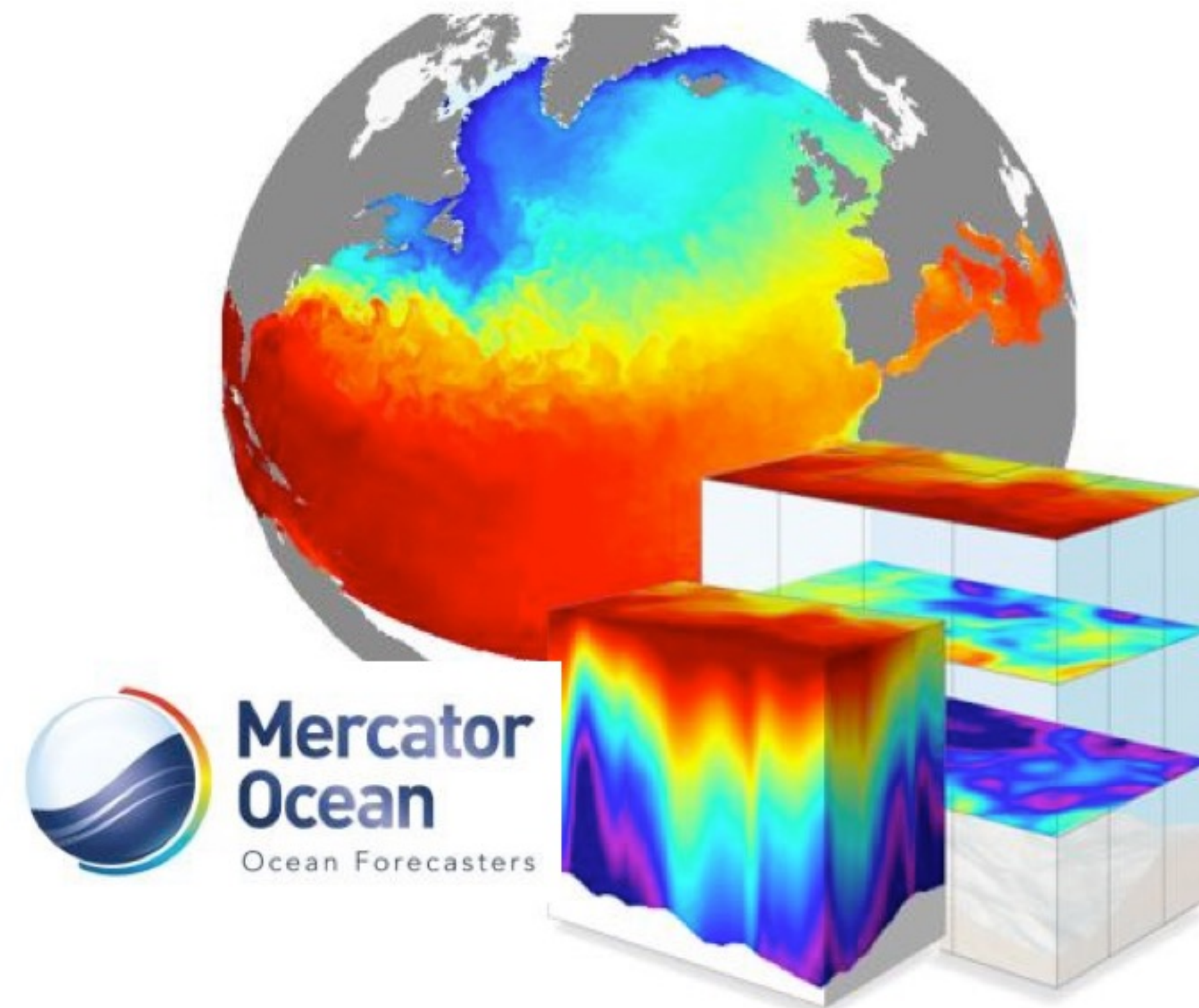
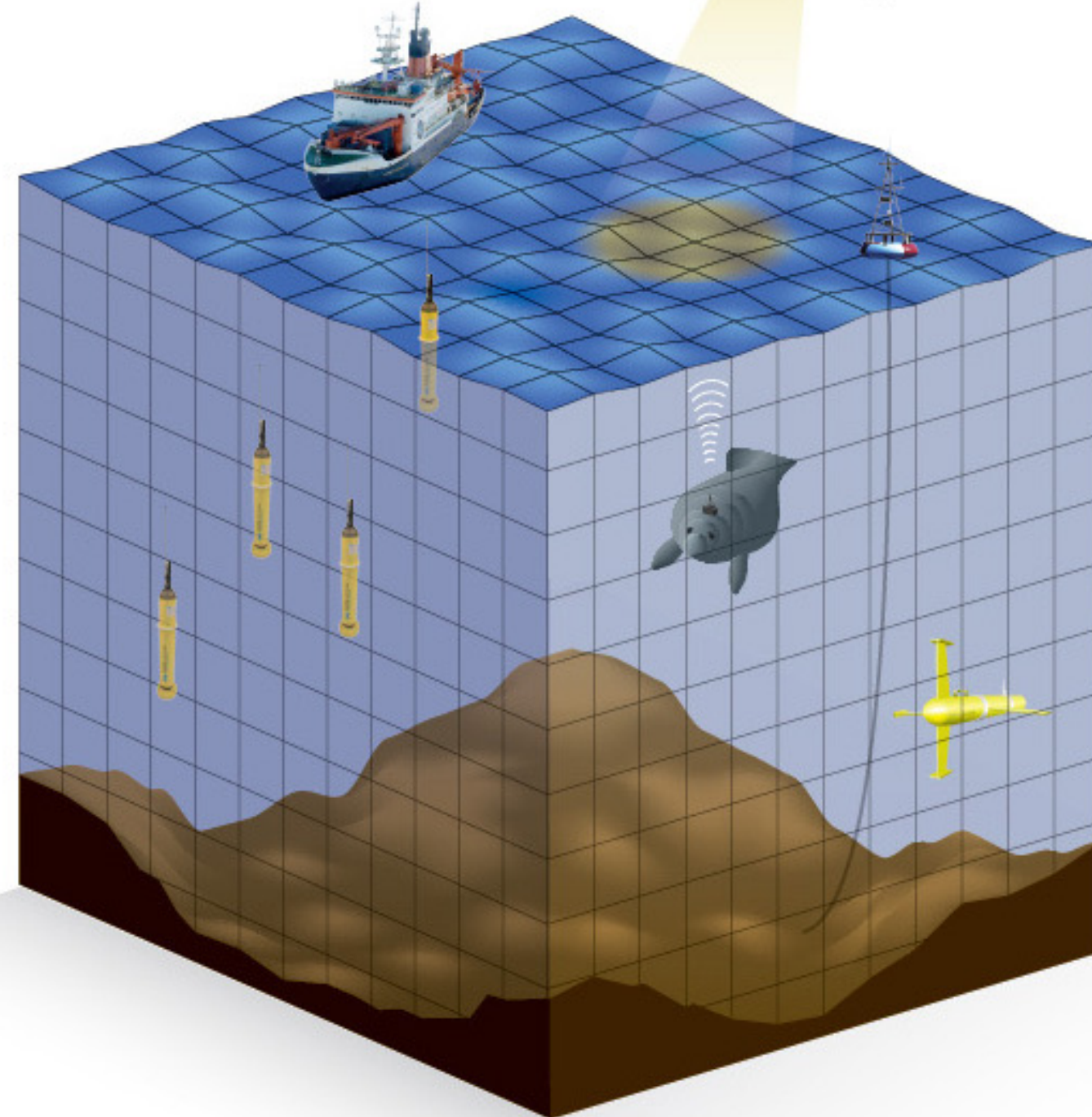


Generated by www.jcommops.org, 17/09/2018

JCOMMOPS



$$x_a = x_b + K(y - H(x_b))$$



unite!

University Network for Innovation,
Technology and Engineering

U LISBOA

UNIVERSIDADE
DE LISBOA



Co-funded by the
Erasmus+ Programme
of the European Union



Questions or comments to:
Francisco Campuzano
francisco.Campuzano@colabatlantic.com

Thank you very much for your attention

Ulisses
~~~~~

**U** **UNITE!**  
University Network for  
Innovation, Technology  
and Engineering

**U** **LISBOA**

UNIVERSIDADE  
DE LISBOA

